

As/med history pretest

→ (SAVE THIS!)

Name: _____ Hr. _____ Due date: _____

Pretest Questions on Anglo-Saxon Period () and Medieval Period ()
centuries? (Fill this in!) /50

1. What language is the root of all European languages? _____

2. What battle signified the turning point between the Anglo-Saxon and Medieval periods? _____

3-6. Name 4 languages that directly influenced the modern English we speak today.

7. Name the famous historian who wrote The History of the English Church and People.

8. Second in fame to Shakespeare, who is the towering literary figure of the Middle Ages?

9. Although chivalry became a code for all to emulate, who was it primarily directed towards?

10-14. What are the names of the four body fluids, called _____, that supposedly determined your health and temperament?

15. What disease was the main cause of death during the Medieval Period?

16. Why, according to the clergy, did people get diseases?

17. Who were the first settlers in the land we call Great Britain today?

18. The feudal system came in with which conquerors of England?

19-24. Name, in order, three major conquering invaders of England and one thing that each of them contributed to making England what it is today.
1st _____ = _____ 20
2nd _____ = _____ 22
3rd _____ = _____ 24

25. In what century did Christianity really take root in England?

26. Rules that governed one's behavior in romantic liaisons were called the Rules of _____ (two words).

27-28. What language did the words food, crop, death, and worship originate from? _____ 27
Why does that make sense? _____ 28

29-30. What language did the words judge, fur, excellent, and servant originate from? _____ 29
Why does that make sense? _____ 30

31-32. What language did the words lake, slaughter, sled, and ski come from? _____ 31
Why does that make sense? _____ 32

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33. Which language influenced Middle English more so than any other? (not Old English)

34-37. Name the three tribal groups that occupied England after the Romans left. Circle the one that was the largest (question 37).

_____ 35

38. St. Augustine was thought responsible for bringing what to England?

39. During Medieval times, was the music most characterized as being secular or religious?

40. What term means "the origin of a word"?

41. After the "arrival" of the Celts, what was the next major conquest that took place on the ground we now call Great Britain?

42. In the Middle Ages, although Chaucer chose to write in the vernacular to reach the common people, what language did most of the ruling class and the scholars use to communicate?

43. What language was officially used in the church?

44. True (T) or false (F)? In the earliest times, all works of literature were composed in Latin. It was not popular, even considered "vulgar" by some, to write in the vernacular.

45. Name the system of "government," predominant in England after 1066, which was based on an exchange of property for personal service. People were given titles such as lord or overlord, barons, vassals, serfs.
A. Dane Law B. Feudalism C. crusades D. Parliament E. chivalry

46. True (T) or false (F)? King John's putting his seal to a document called the Magna Carta restricted royal power and marked the beginning of constitutional government in England.

47. True (T) or false (F)? The famous associations (and forerunners of today's labor unions) of the Middle Ages which the townspeople and craftsmen developed to organize themselves and assure the quality of their work were called guilds.

48. Which event was legendary but was said to have a profound effect on England during the Middle Ages?
A. the Black Death D. the rule of King Arthur
B. the Crusades E. the miracle, mystery, and morality plays
C. the War of the Roses F. the invention of the printing press

49. Which of the following literary genres was more a part of the Anglo-Saxon period than the Medieval period?
A. ballads D. plays
B. epic heroic and elegiac poetry E. verse stories
C. secular and religious lyric poetry F. romances

50. True (T) or false (F)? The War of the Roses refers to the civil wars that resulted over the right to the throne between the house of York (symbolized with a white rose) and the house of Lancaster (symbolized with a red rose).

① What is your predicted score?

50

② If you took notes on this material, how helpful were taking the notes on this "pretest"?